

## Pseudocode:

Set of English like statements used to help in solving the problem.

Examples of Words used in Pseudocodes:

1. **Input:** Input, Read, get.
2. **Processing:** Compute, Calculate, =
3. **Output:** Print, Output, Display.

**Example 1: Write a pseudocode to find the area of the circle.**

1. Begin
2. Input r
3. Area =  $3.14 * r * r$
4. Print Area
5. End

**Example 2: Write a pseudocode to find the average of three numbers (A, B, C)**

1. Begin
2. Input A,B,C
3. Sum=A+B+C
4. Avg=Sum/3
5. Print Avg
6. End.

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Write an assignment statement to:

- a. Increment x by 3

$$X = X + 3$$

- b. Divide c by 10

$$C = C / 10$$

- c. Multiply z by 4

$$Z = Z * 4$$







- d. Decrement m by 6

$$m = m - 6$$

## Flowchart:

A graphical method of showing the flow of information using a series of symbols and arrows.

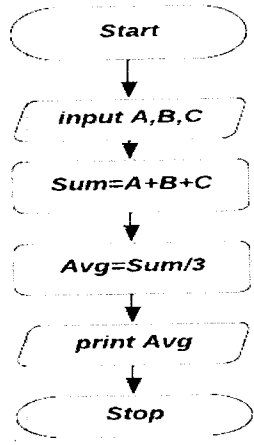
### Flowcharts Symbols:

Symbol	Functionality
	Begin/End Start/Stop
	Processing (=)
	Decision (IF)
	Input / output
	Connector
	Flowlines

### Flowchart Constructs:

1. Sequence.
2. Selection.
3. Looping.

1. **Sequence:** performs one step at a time, and follow it by the next step and so forth.



Sequence Flowchart

1. Begin
2. Input A,B,C
3. Sum=A+B+C
4. Avg=Sum/3
5. Print Avg
6. End .

---

Find the output for the given Pseudocode?  
 Given 1, 2, 3

A	B	C	Sum	Avg	<u>Output</u>
1	2	3	6	2	2

2. **Selection:**

IF ..... THEN

(Statement(s) will be executed if the condition is true)

IF condition THEN Statement(s)

IF.... THEN .....ELSE

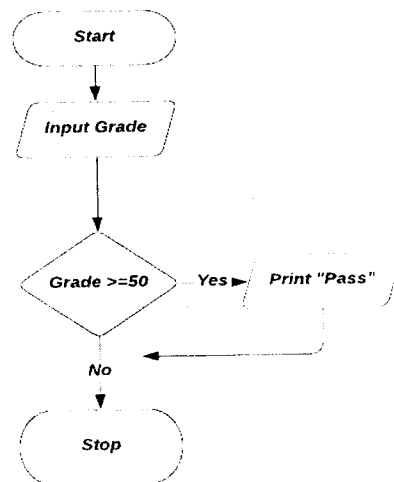
The IF statement can be of the form IF-THEN- ELSE, the statement(s) after ELSE structure will be executed if the condition is FALSE

IF condition THEN Statement(s) ELSE Statement(s)

**Example 1:**

1. Start
2. Input grade
3. IF grade  $\geq 50$  THEN Print "Pass"
4. Stop

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1. Find the output for the following pseudocode. ( given grade = 80 or grade=40)
  2. Convert to the equivalent flowchart.



Output when grade=80:

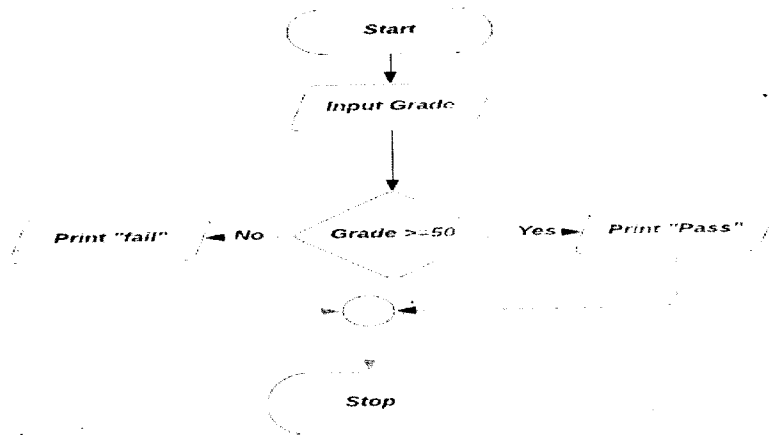
<u>grade</u>	<u>output</u>
80	Pass

Output when grade =40:

<u>grade</u>	<u>output</u>
40	No output

**Example 2**

- a. Find the output for the following Pseudocode
  - b. Convert to the equivalent flowchart.
1. Start
  2. Input grade
  3. IF grade  $\geq$  50 THEN Print "Pass" else Print "FAIL"
  4. Stop
- 



Output when grade= 95:

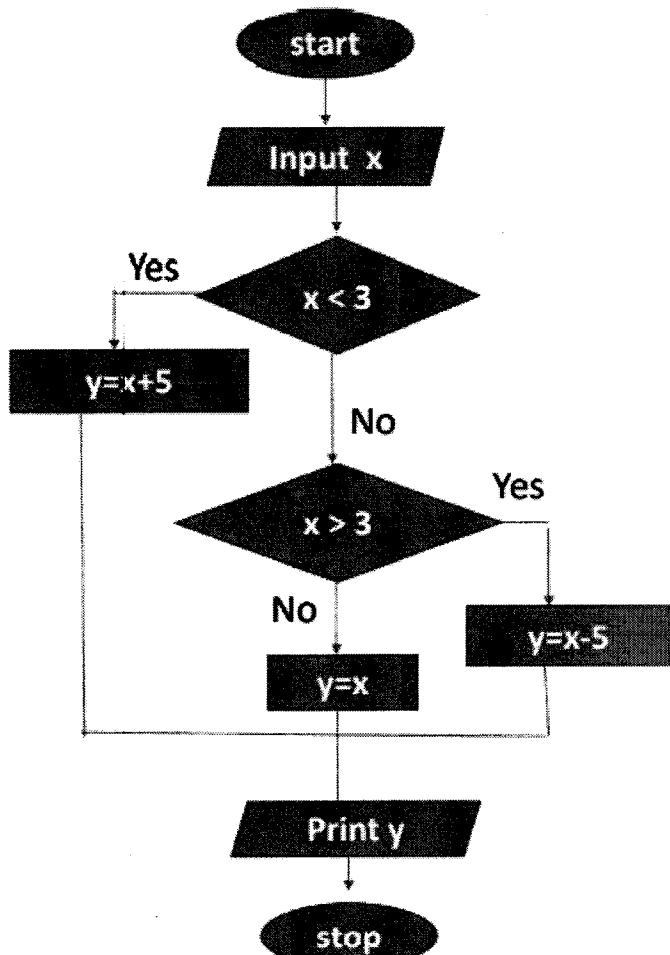
<u>grade</u>	<u>output</u>
95	Pass

Output when grade= 35:

<u>grade</u>	<u>output</u>
35	FAIL

**Example 3:**

Find the output for the following flowchart:



Output when x = -1

x	y	output
-1	4	4

Output when x = 3

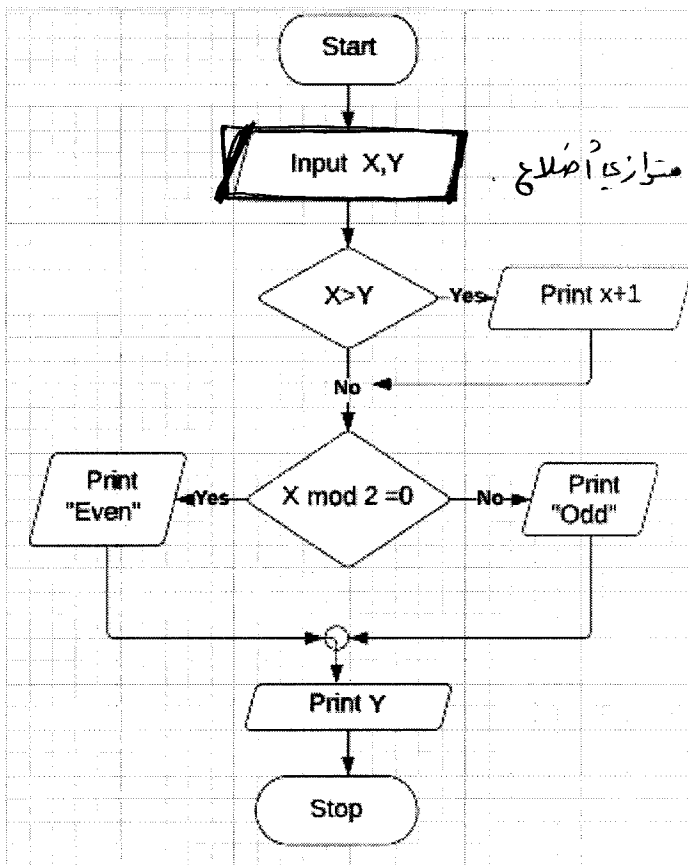
x	y	output
3	3	3

Output when x = 7

x	y	output
7	2	2

**Example 4:**

1. Convert the following flowcharts to the equivalent pseudocode.
2. Find the output for the following flowchart assume that the inputs are :  
 10,3



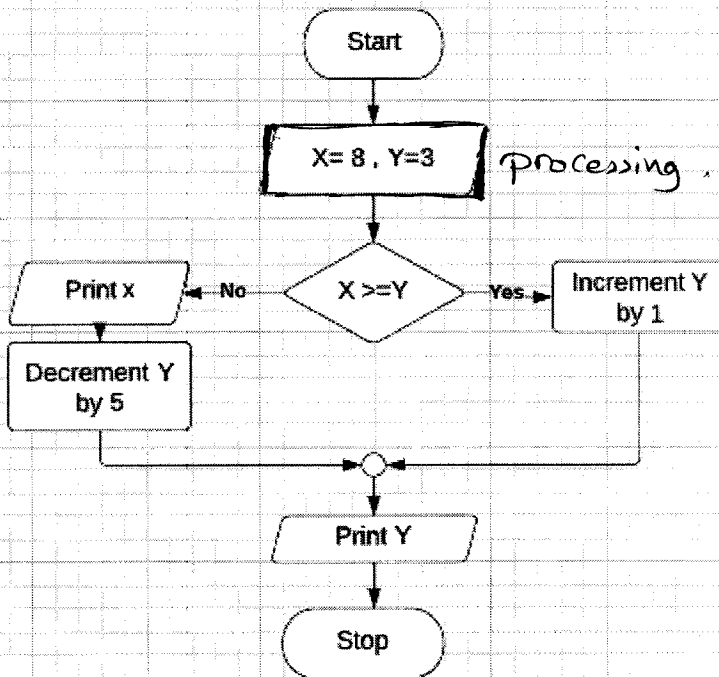
X	Y	Output
10	3	11
		even
		3

**Pseudocode:**

1. Start
2. Input x,y
3. if x > y then print x + 1
4. if x mod 2 = 0 then print "Even"  
 else print "odd"
5. print y
6. stop.

**Example 5:**

1. Find the Output for the following flowchart.
2. Convert to the equivalent Pseudocode.



**Output**

X	Y	output
8	<del>3</del>	<del>3</del>
	4	4

**Pseudocode:**

1. start
2. X = 8, Y = 3
3. if X >= Y then Increment y by 1  
else print x, Decrement y by 5
4. print y
5. stop.



**Looping:** performs the action as long as the condition is True.

**Example 6 :** Find the output for the following pseudocode:

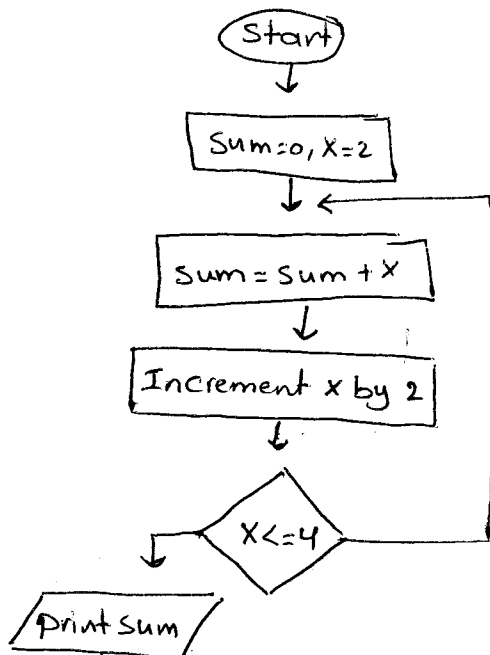
1. Begin
2. X=1
3. Print x
4. Increment x by 1
5. If  $x \leq 3$  then goto 3
6. End

	<u>Output</u>
x	1
1	2
2	3
<del>3</del>	
4	

**Example 7 :** Find the output for the following pseudocode:

1. Start
2. Sum=0,x=2
3. Sum=sum + x
4. Increment x by 2
5. If  $x \leq 4$  then goto 3
6. Print sum
7. Stop

	<u>Output</u>
Sum	6
x	
2	
4	
6	



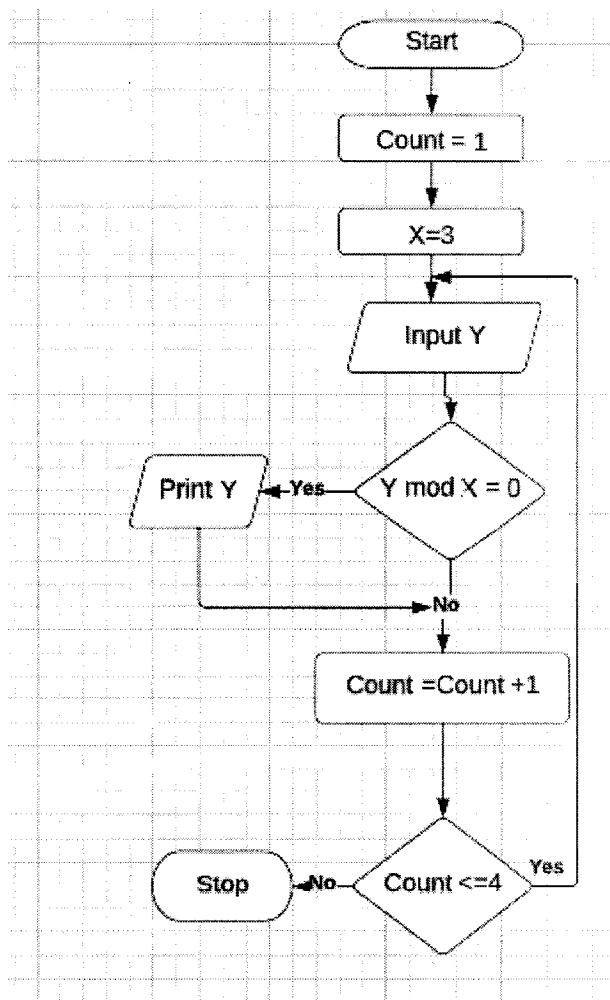
**Example 8:** Find the output for the following pseudocode Assume the inputs are: 3,4,6,5

1. Begin
2. C=1
3. If c < 3 then input x else goto 7
4. If x mod 2 = 0 then print x
5. c=c+1
6. goto 3
7. end

~~3~~ ~~4~~ 6 5

	X	Output
3	<del>3</del>	4
4	4	

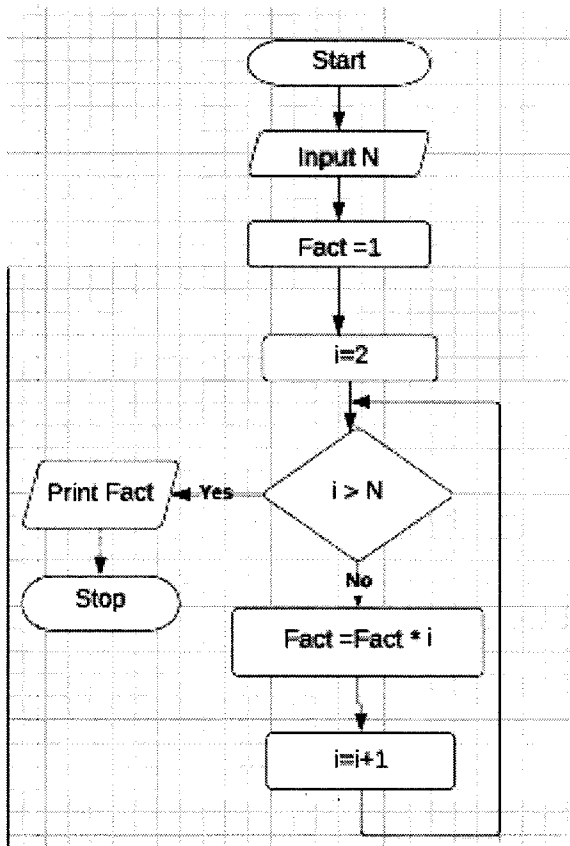
**Example 9:** Find the output for the following Flowchart given: 12, 5, 7, 9, 6



X	Y	Count	Output
3	<del>12</del>	1	12
	<del>5</del>	2	9
	<del>7</del>	3	
	9	4	
		5	

**Example 10:**

- Find the output given :  $N=3$
- Find the output given :  $N=0$
- Convert to the equivalent Pseudocode.



	Fact	i	Output
3	1	2	6
	2	3	
	6	4	

**Pseudocode**

1. Start
2. Input N
3. Fact = 1
4. i = 2
5. IF  $i > N$  then print fact, goto 9.
6. Fact = Fact \* i
7. i = i + 1
8. goto 5
9. stop