

**The University Of Jordan
Faculty Of Medicine
Anatomy Department**



Axilla

By

Dr. Ahmed Salman

Associate Professor of Anatomy

The axilla, lies between the upper humerus and thorax.

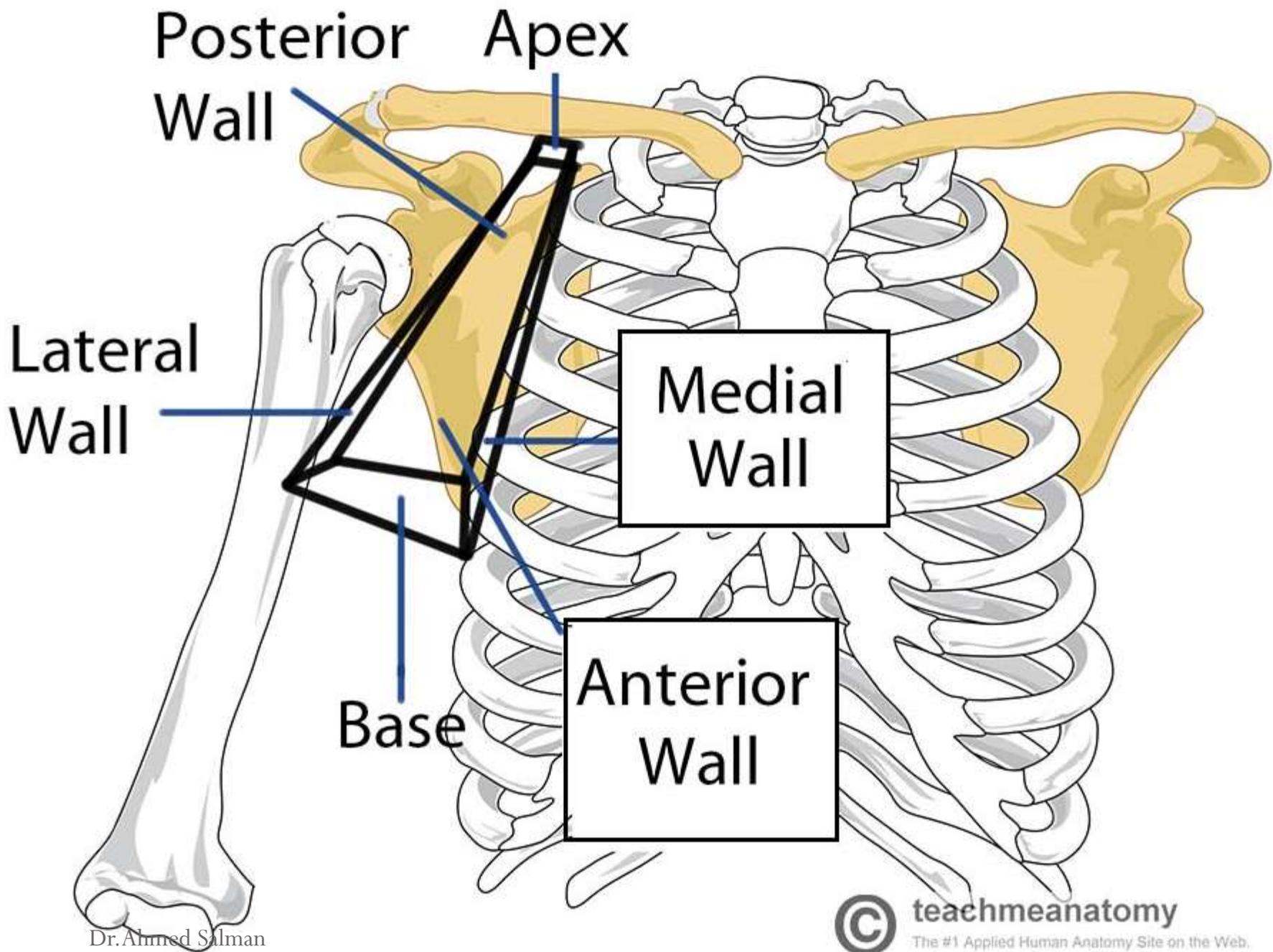
It has a floor, an apex, and four walls (medial, lateral, anterior and posterior)

Boundaries

The apex : is pointing toward the root of the neck.

It is continuous with posterior triangle of the neck through (cervico -axillary canal)

The base : is formed by the skin and fascia



Axillary Walls

Anteriorly : pectoralis major , pectoralis minor , subclavius and clavicopectoral fascia

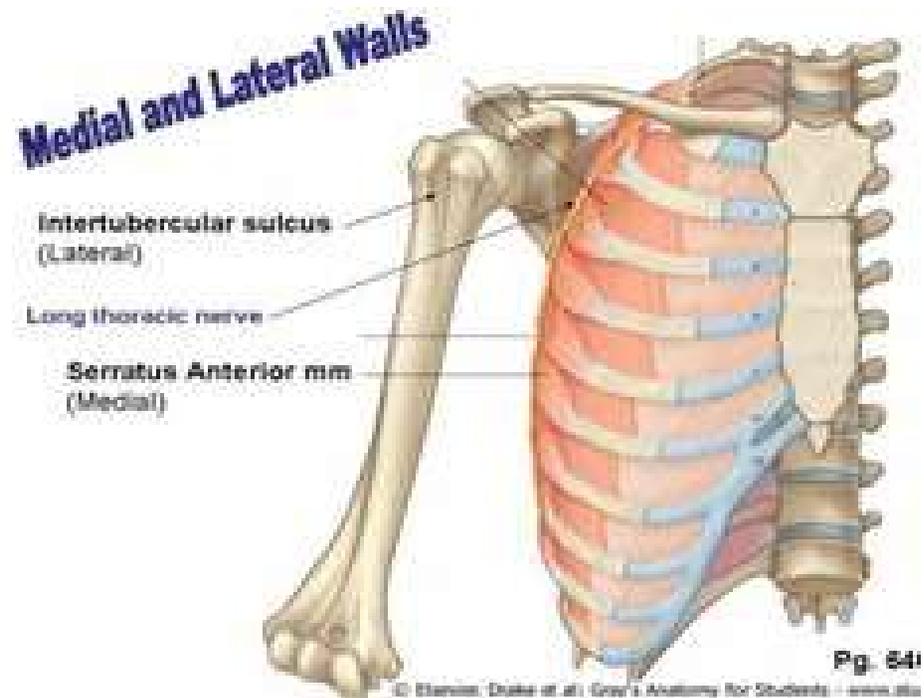
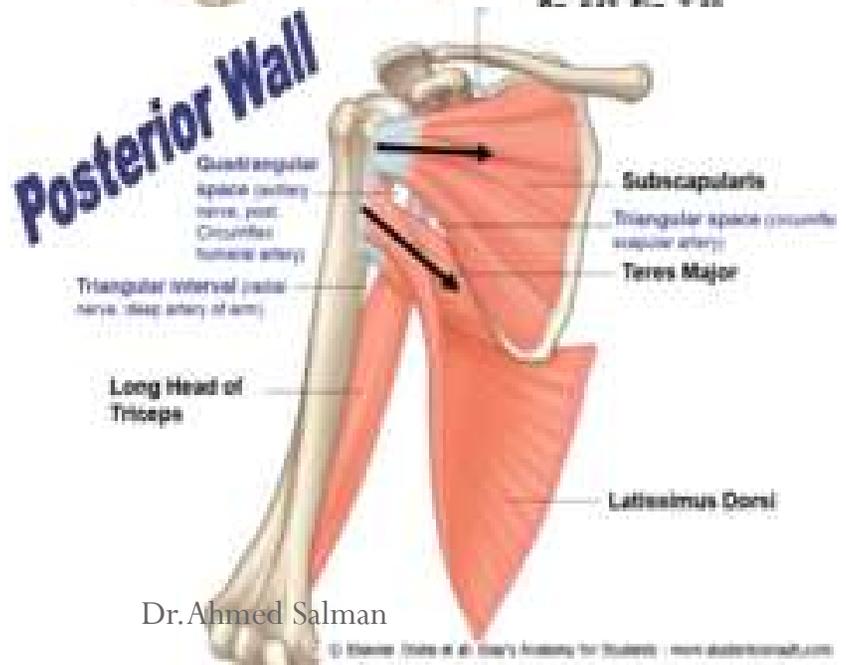
Posteriorly : subscapularis , teres major and latissimus dorsi

Medially : Serratus anterior , Ribs

Laterally : Humerus , biceps and coracobrachialis muscle.

The anterior axillary fold : pectoralis major .

The posterior axillary fold : latissimus dorsi and teres major muscles

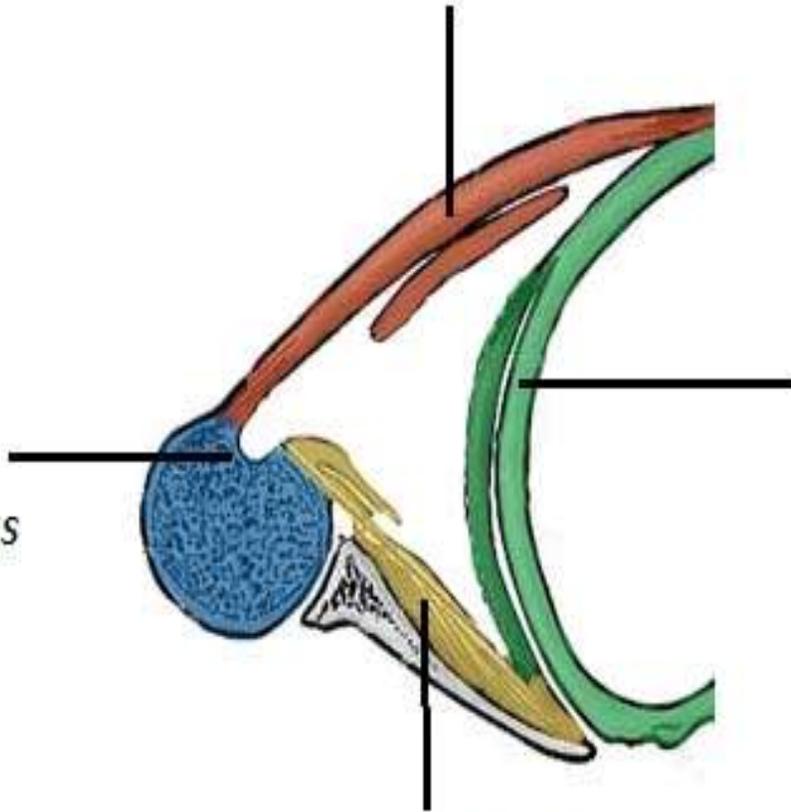


Anterior Border

Pectoralis major and minor

Lateral Border

Intertubercular sulcus



Medial Border

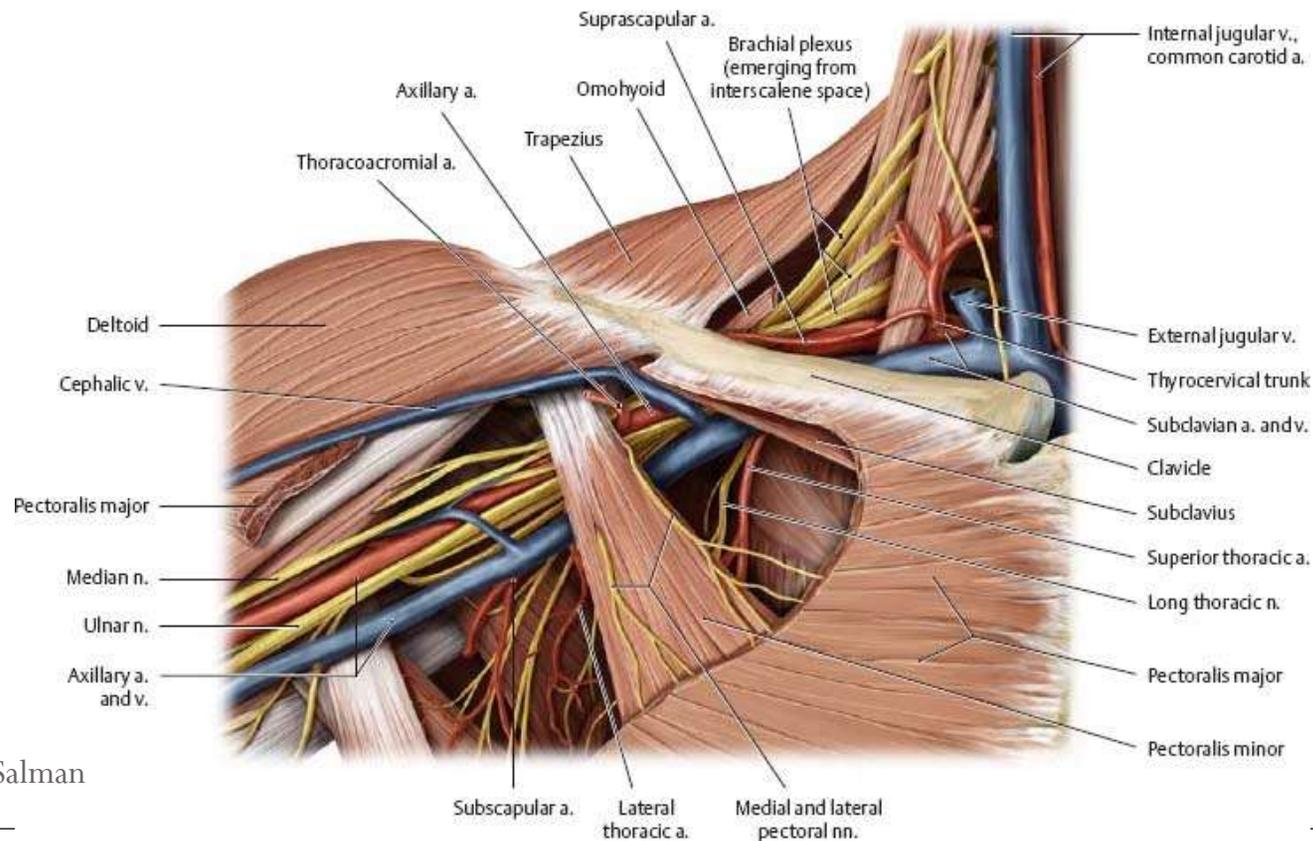
Serratus anterior and thoracic wall

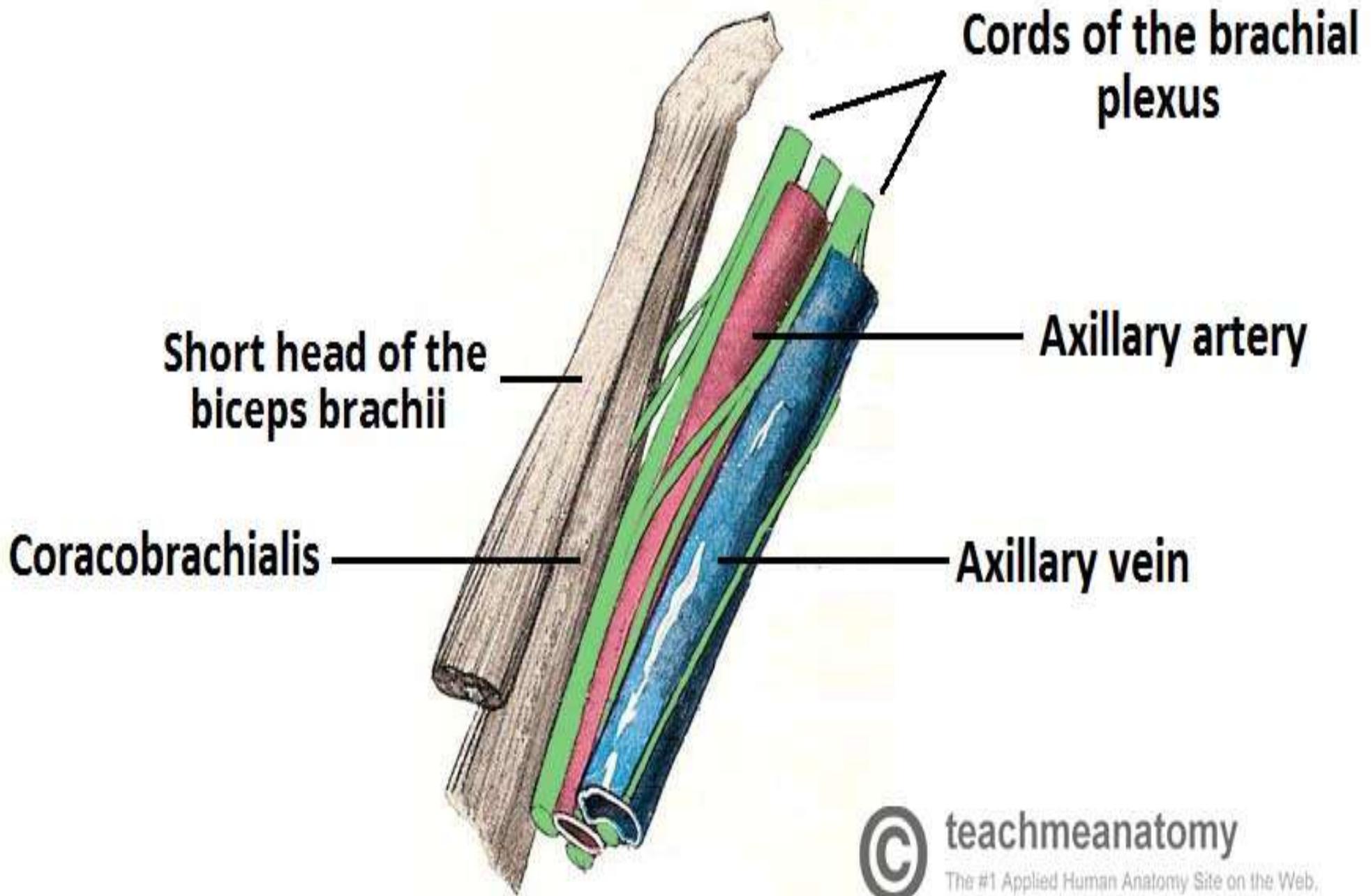
Posterior Border

Scapularis, teres major, latissimus dorsi

Contents Of the Axilla

- 1- Axillary Artery
- 2- Axillary vein
- 3- Brachial plexuses
- 4- Axillary tail of the breast
- 5- Axillary lymph node

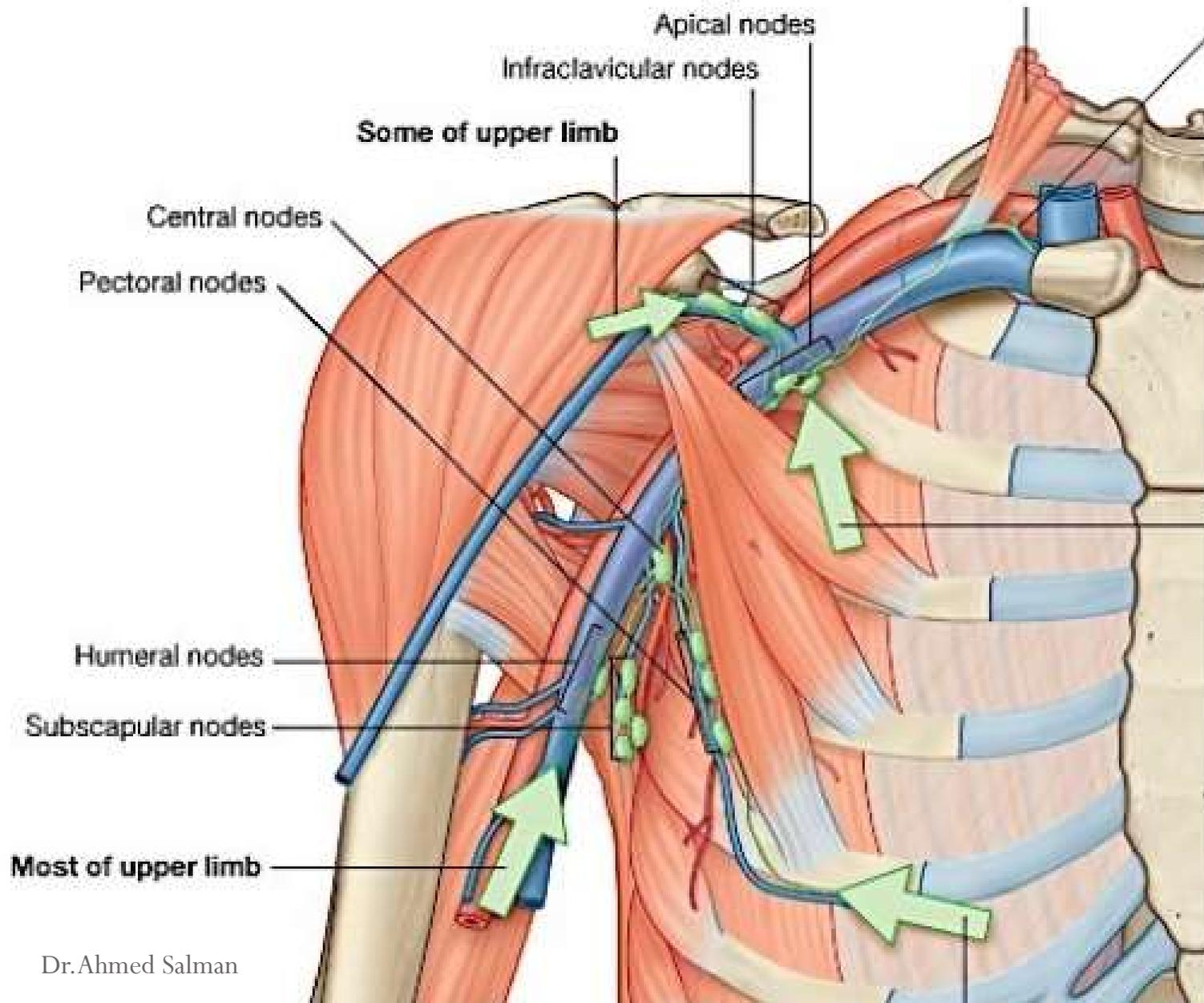




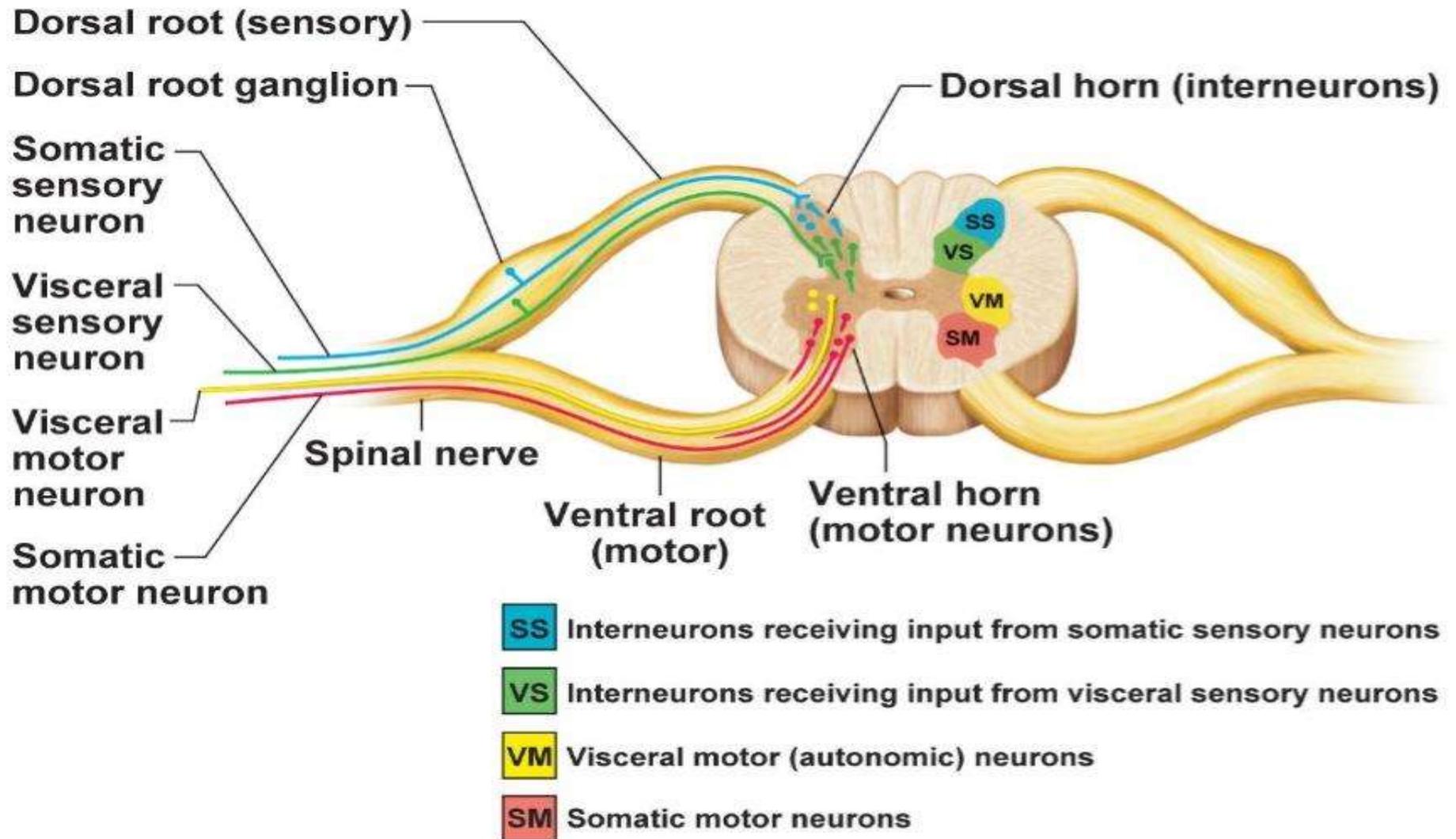
teachmeanatomy

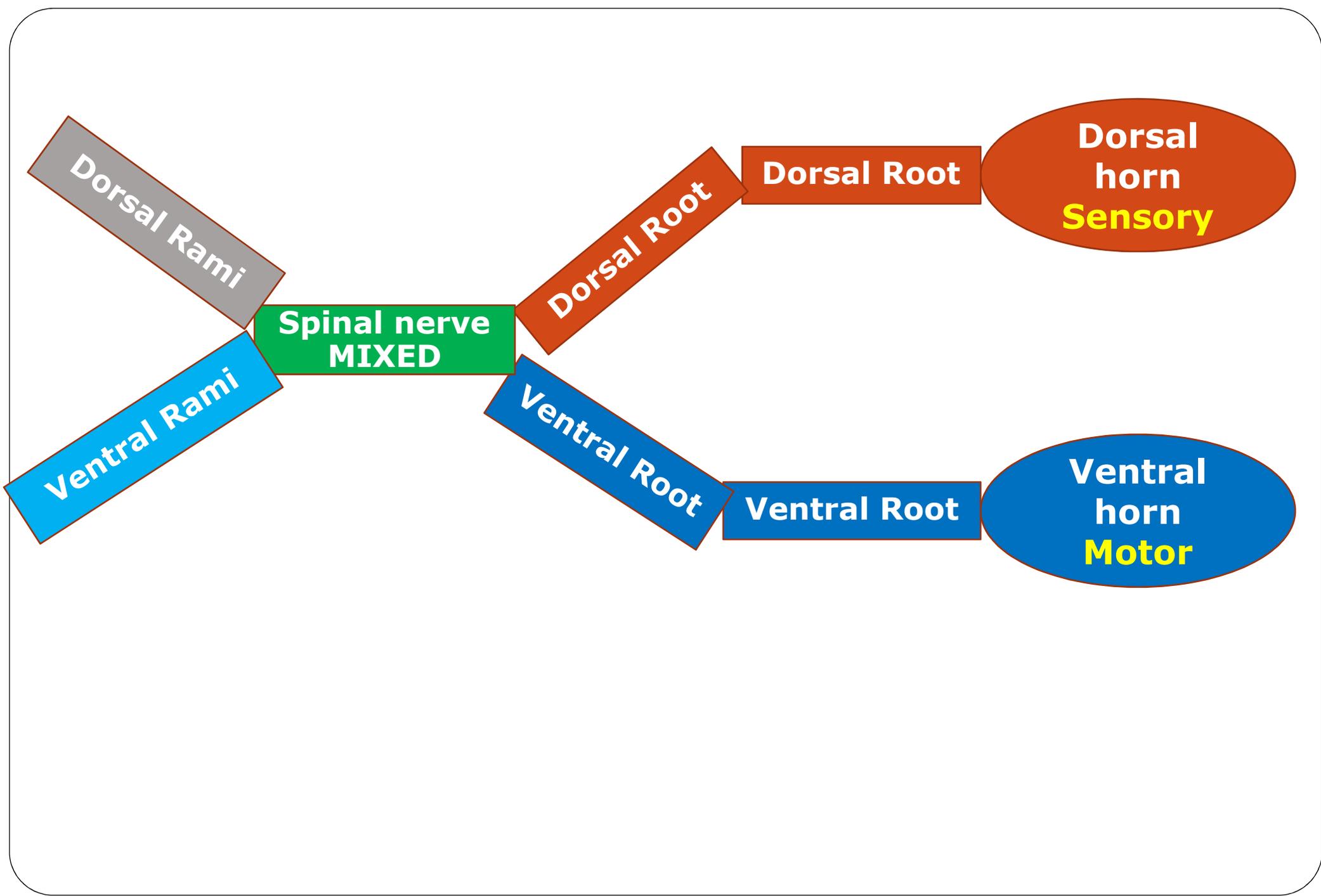
The #1 Applied Human Anatomy Site on the Web.

Axillary vein



Brachial Plexus





Dorsal Rami

Spinal nerve
MIXED

Dorsal Root

Dorsal Root

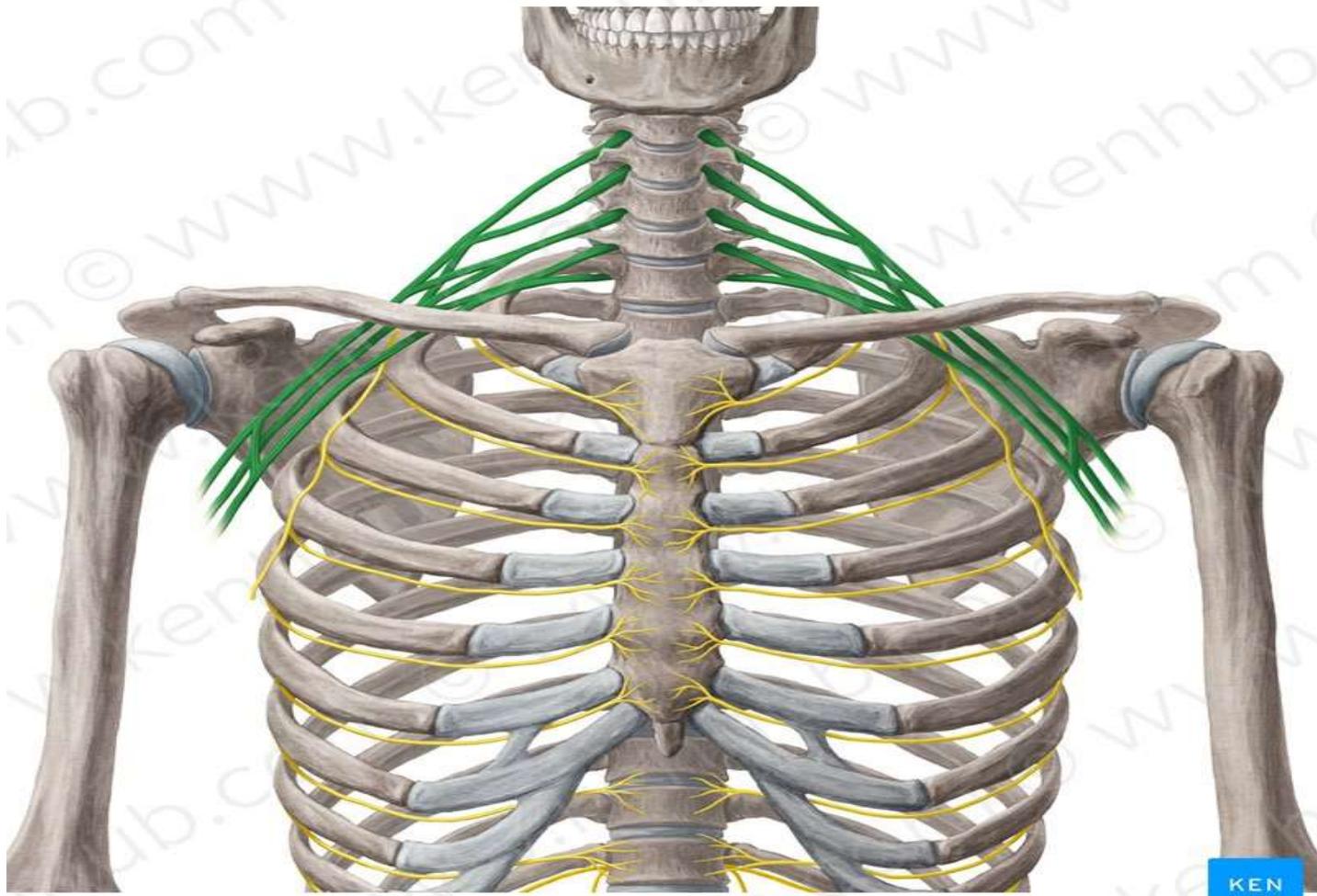
Dorsal
horn
Sensory

Ventral Rami

Ventral Root

Ventral Root

Ventral
horn
Motor



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Dr. Ahmed Salman

Formation of the Brachial Plexus

It is formed from ventral rami of C5,6,7,8 and T1 nerves.

It has four stages

Roots

Trunk

Divisions

Cords

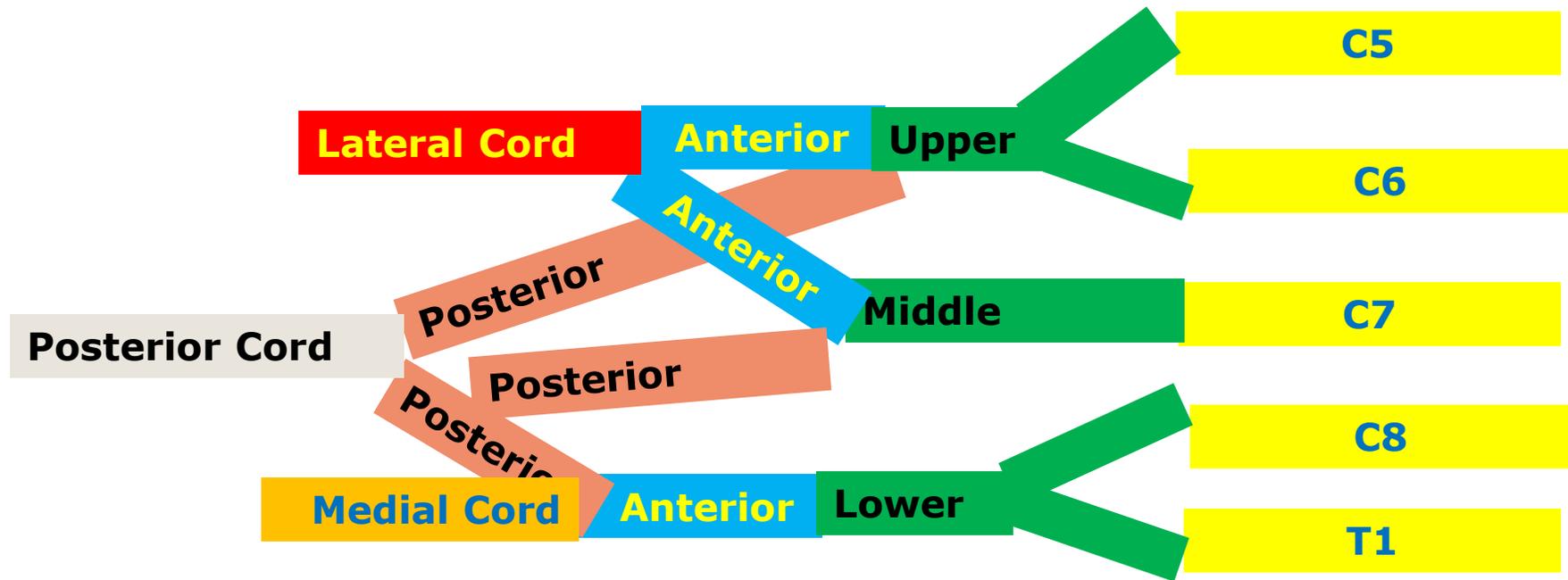
Branches

Cords

Division

Trunk

Roots

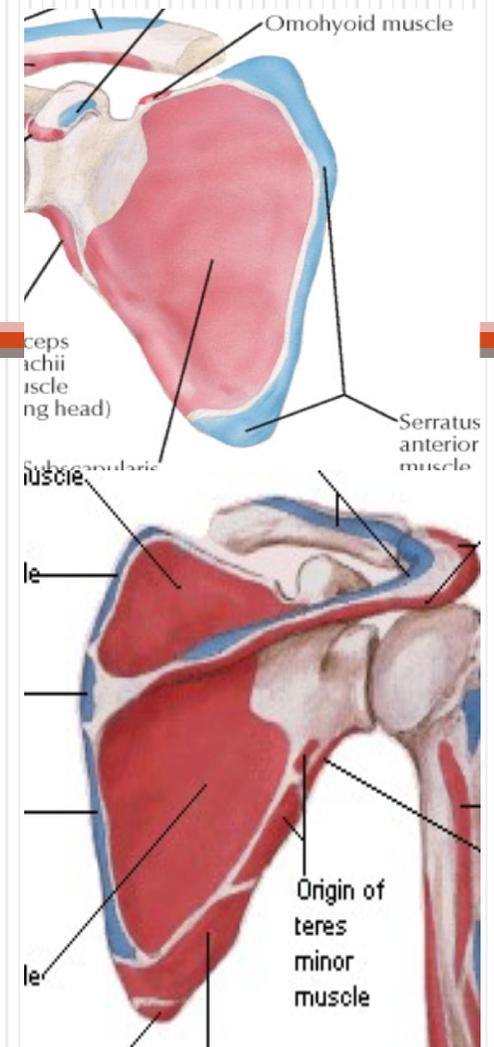


Branches of the Brachial Plexus

A- Branches from the Roots of the Brachial Plexus

- Dorsal scapular nerve (C5).
- Long thoracic nerve (C5,6,7).

Medial Border of scapula



B- Branches from the upper Trunk of the Brachial Plexus

- Suprascapular nerve (C5,6).
- Nerve to subclavius (C5,6)

Upper

C- Branches from the Cords of the Brachial Plexus

Lateral cord

1-Lateral Pectoral nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

2-Lateral root of Median nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

3- Musculcutaneous nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

Medial cord

(C8 & T1)

2
(C8 & T1)

3-
th

4-
th
(C8 & T1)

5-

Lateral cord

1-Lateral Pectoral nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

2-Lateral root of Median
nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

3- Muscul**cutaneous** nerve
(C5,C6 & C7)

Medial cord

1-Medial Pectoral nerve
(C8 & T1)

2-Medial root of Median nerve
(C8 & T1)

3-Medial **cutaneous** nerve of
the arm (C8 & T1)

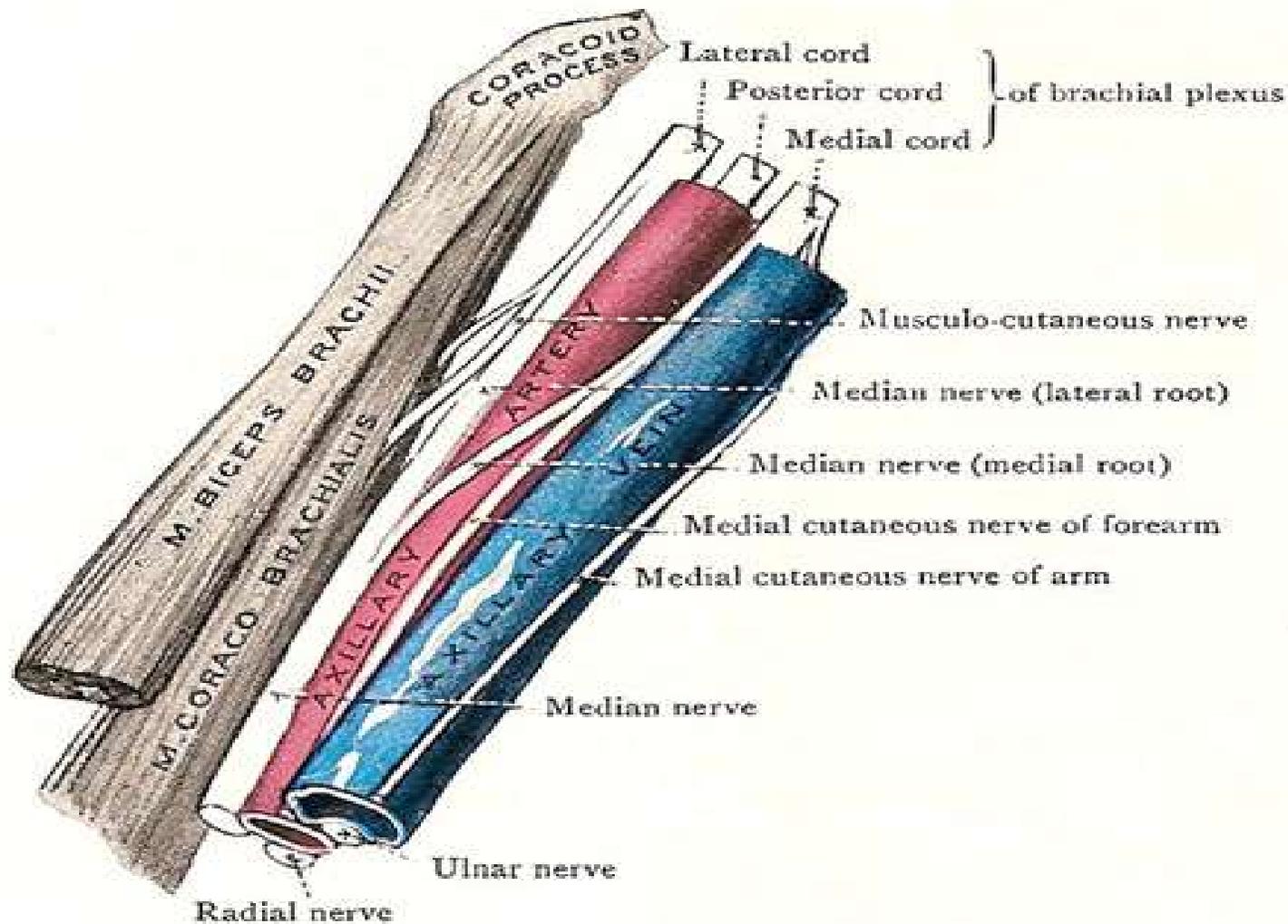
4-Medial **cutaneous** nerve of
the forearm
(C8 & T1)

5-Ulnar nerve (C7,C8 & T1)

Branches from the Posterior Cord of the Brachial Plexus

- 1-Upper subscapular nerve (C5 & C6)
- 2-Lower Subscapular nerve (C5 & C6)
- 3-Axillary nerve (C5, & C6)
- 4-Thoracodorsal nerve (C 6,7 & 8)
- 5-Radial nerve (C5.6.7,8 & T1)

- The cords are related to 2nd part of axillary artery
- The branches are related to 3rd part of axillary artery



Thank You