The University Of Jordan Faculty Of Medicine

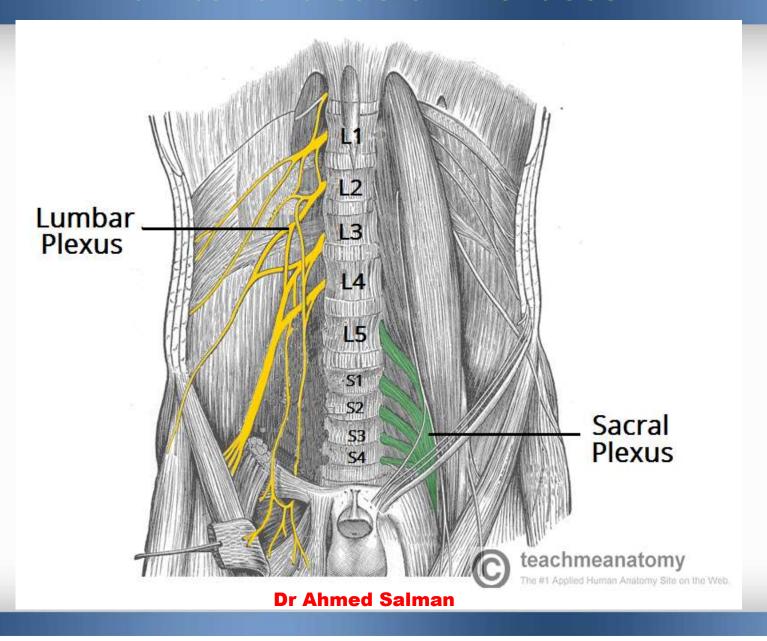


Nerves of the Lower limb

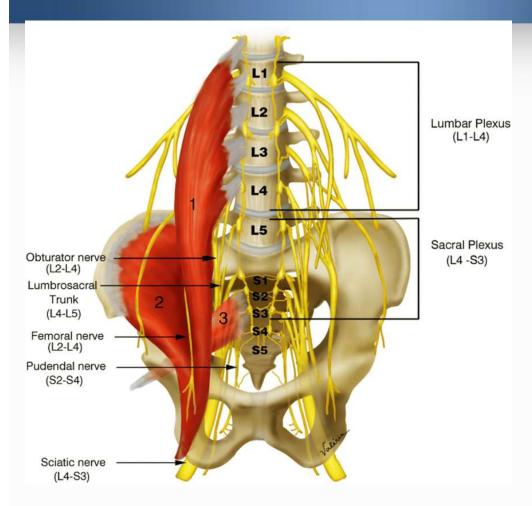
Dr.Ahmed Salman

Associate Professor of Anatomy

Lumbar and sacral Plexuses

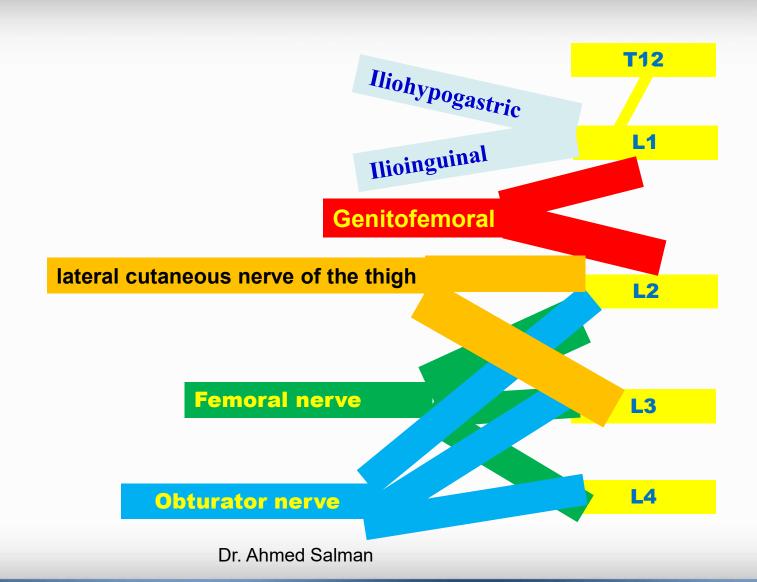


1-Lumbar Plexus



- Arises from ventral ramus of L1 L4
- Lies within the psoas major muscle
- It receive a contribution from T12 (subcostal) nerve

Formation of the Lumbar Plexus



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Branches of Lumbar Plexus

Posterior Division

1-Ilio-hypogastric (L1)

2-Ilio-inguinal (L1)

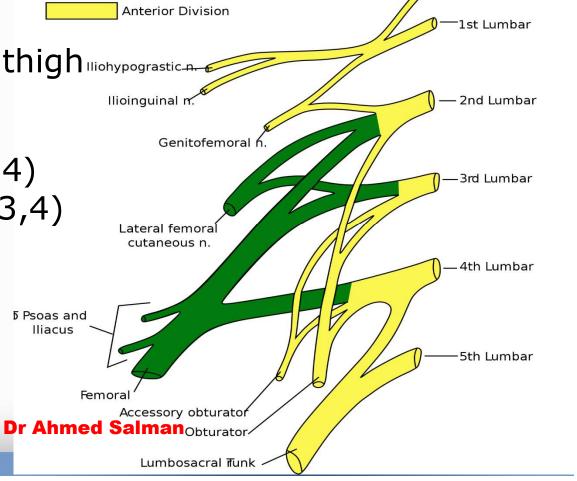
3-Genitofemoral (L1,2)

4-Lateral cutaneous of thigh Iliohypograstic.n.

(L2,3)

5-Femoral nerve (L2,3,4)

6-Obturator nerve (L2,3,4)



From 12th Thoraci

Relation to Psoas Major Muscle

Lateral

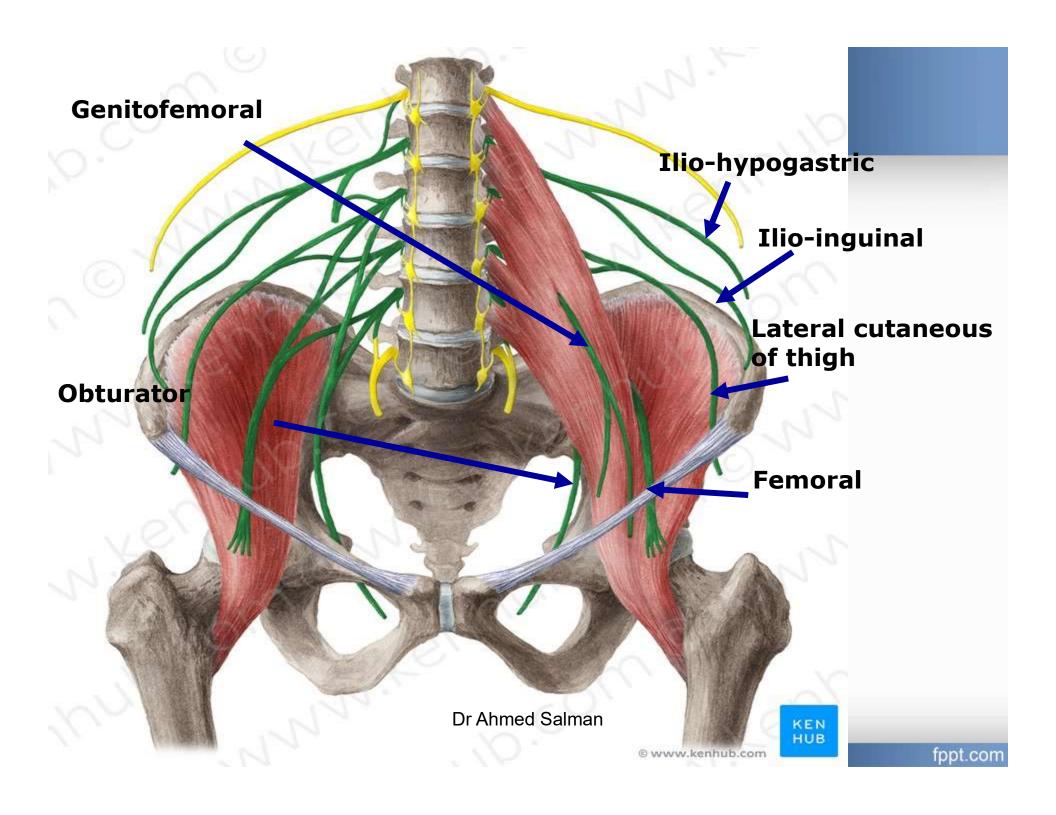
- 1-Ilio-hypogastric
- 2-Ilio-inguinal
- 3-Lateral cutaneous of thigh
- 4-Femoral nerve

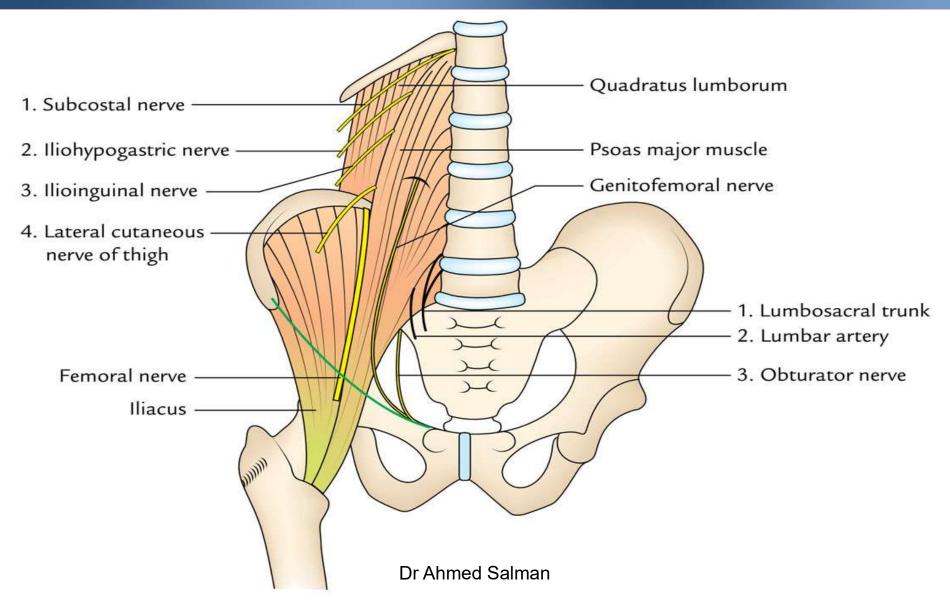
Medial

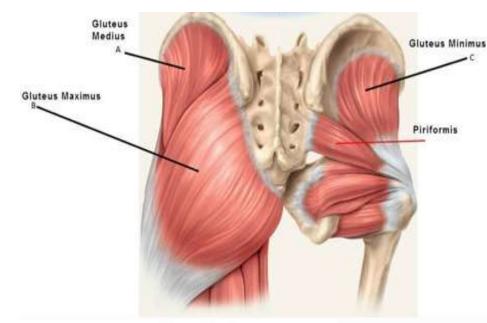
Obturator nerve

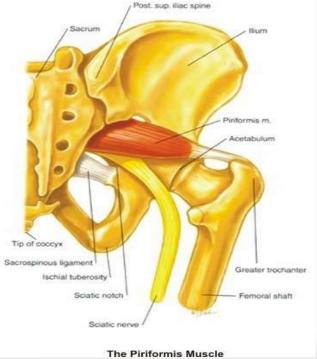
Anterior

Genitofemoral









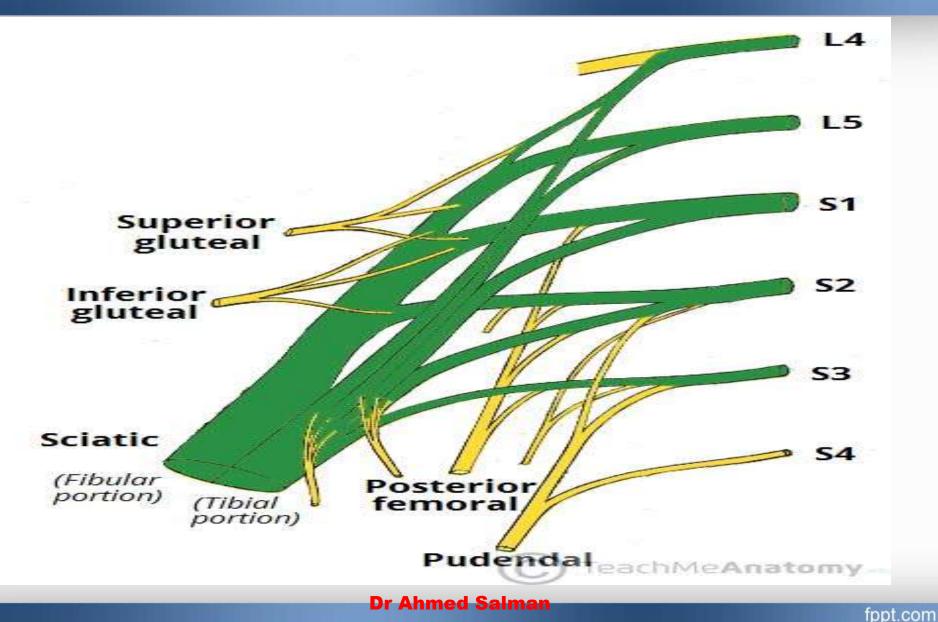
2- Sacral Plexus

- Lies caudal to the lumbar plexus
- Formed by the lumbosacral trunk (L4,5) and ventral rami of S1 -S4
- Located on the anterior surface of piriformis muscle.
- The lumbosacral trunk is a thick nerve formed by the union of lower part of anterior primary ramus of L4 with the anterior primary ramus of L5

Branches of Sacral Plexus

- 1-Sciatic L4,L5,S1,2,3,S4
- 2-Superior gluteal Nerve L4, L5 and S1
- 3-Inferior gluteal nerve L5 and S1 and S2
- 4-Posterior cutaneous nerve of thigh S1,S2 and S3
- 5-Nerves to the piriformis
- 6-Nerve to the quadratus femoris
- 7-Nerve to obturator internus
- 8- Pudendal Nerve

Sacral Plexus



Mention the origin of the following nerves



Sciatic		
Femoral nerve		
Superior gluteal Nerve		
Inferior gluteal nerve		
Obturator nerve		
Posterior cutaneous nerve of thigh		
Lateral cutaneous of thigh		
Nerves to the piriformis		
Nerve to the quadratus femoris		
Genitofemoral		
Ilio hypogastric		
Nerve to obturator internus muscle		
Pudendal Nerve	1	
Dr Ahmed Salman		

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Thank You!!!

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