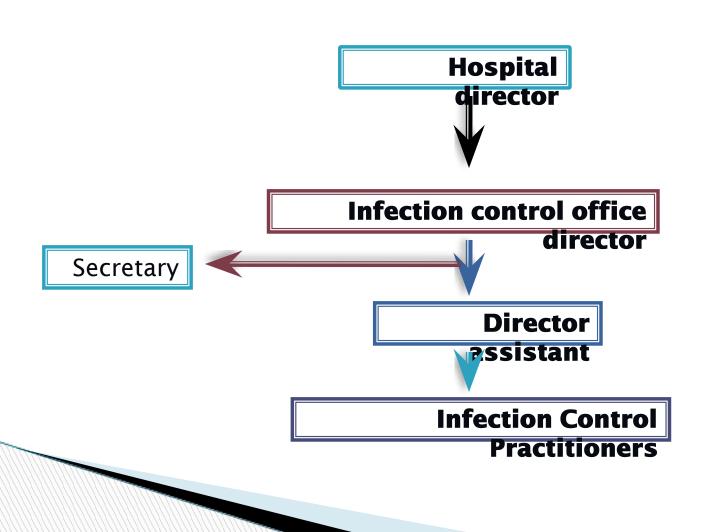


Infection Control Program Mohammed Ibrahim

Infection Control Office

Structure of Infection Prevention and Control office



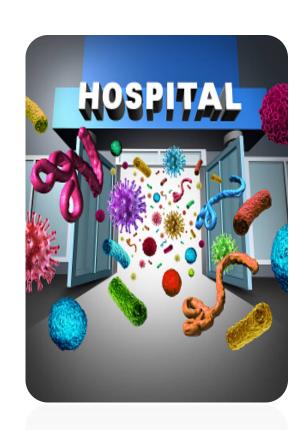
The aim of infection control programs

Protect:

- Patients
- Employees
- Visitors
- Trainee

Health care associated infections

- Infections that were not present or in the incubation period at hospital admission.
- It usually occurs 48 hours after the patient is admitted to the hospital.
- It includes infections that appear when the patient is discharged from the hospital.



Health care associated infections

- Respiratory tract infections (RTI)
- Urinary tract infection (UTI)

Blood stream infection (BSI)

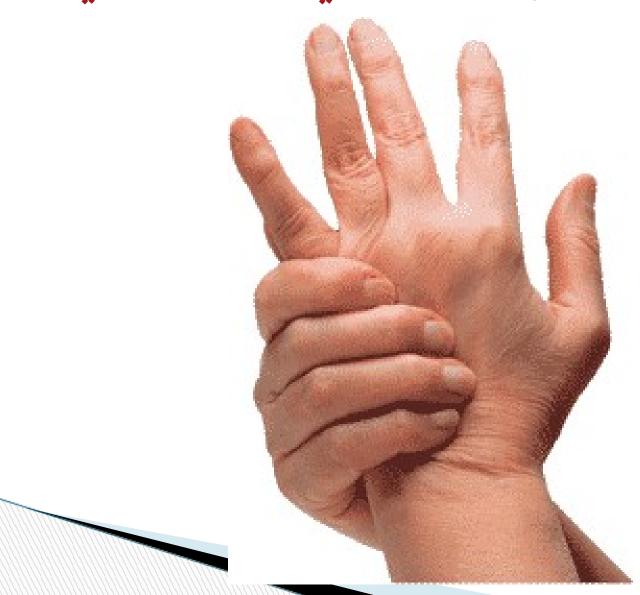
Surgical site infection (SSI)

Chain of Infection



Mode of transmission

أفضل طريقة لمنع العدوى هي غسل الايدي





steps of hand hygiene 7



1. وضع الكمية المناسبة من الصابون او الكحول في راحة اليد



2. الفرك بين الاصابع من خلف اليد



3. التخليل بين الاصابع من الامام



4. عكس الاصابع داخل راحة اليد لتغسيل اطراف الاصابع



دائرية

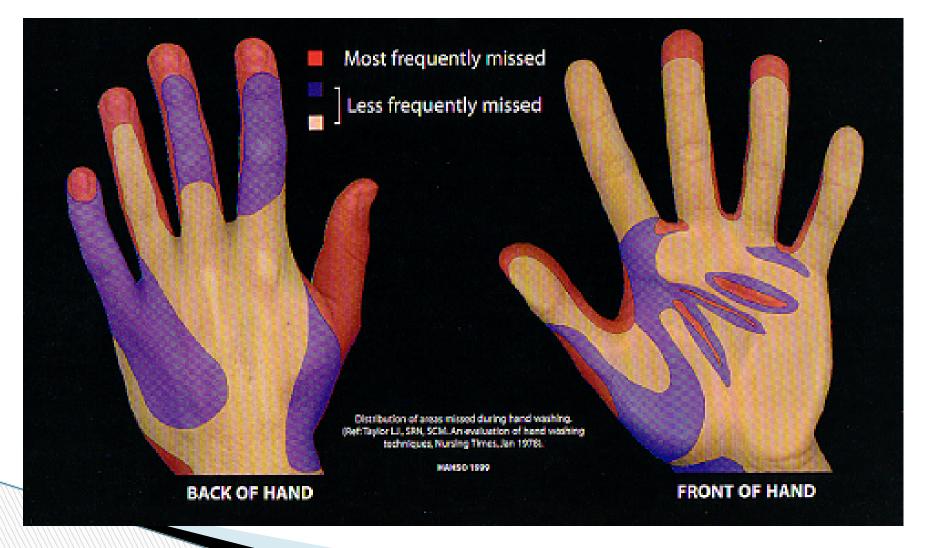


6. فرك رأس اطراف الاصابع 5. فرك حول الابهام بطريقة فى راحة اليد للوصول الى الاظافر



7. فرك الرسغ

Most of the areas that are not washed



Infection Prevention 10



Precautions based on transmission routes

Types of precautions:

- Standard precautions
- Contact isolation
- Droplet isolation
- Airborne isolation
- Protective insulation

بطاقات العزل Isolation Cards









مصادر العدوى حول المريض بالصور المتحركة



Medical waste النفايات الطبية

النفايات الطبية Medical waste



النفايات المنزلية waste

Household



Patient Environment





MRSA

- Side rails: 100%
- BP monitor: 88%
- TV remote: 75%
- The table next to the patient:
- Bathroom: 63 %





Safety Injection





تخلص من المحقن والإبرة معا في الوعاء المقاوم للثقب Puncture Resistance container

Vaccines

- Hepatitis B vaccine
- Influenza vaccine